STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

Re: "Pre-surgery Osteoarthritis Severity Unchanged Over 10 Years in Two Prospective Total Knee Replacement Cohorts" has been successfully submitted online and is presently being given full consideration for publication in CMAJ Open.

Manuscript ID is CMAJOpen-2017-0164.

	Item No	Recommendation	Location in study
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term	Page 1, line 5
		in the title or the abstract	_
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced	Page 3, line 7-50
		summary of what was done and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the	Page 4, line 5-38
		investigation being reported	
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified	Page 4, line 40-45
		hypotheses	
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	Page 4, line 42
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including	Page 4, line 50-55 and
		periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data	page 5, line 3-8
		collection	
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the	Page 5, line 10-27
		sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe	
		methods of follow-up	
		Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the	
		sources and methods of case as certainment and control	
		selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and	
		controls	
		Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the	
		sources and methods of selection of participants	
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching	NA
		criteria and number of exposed and unexposed	
		Case-control study—For matched studies, give matching	
		criteria and the number of controls per case	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential	Page 5, line 31-54 and
		confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria,	page 6, line 3-6
		if applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and	Page 5, line 31-54 and
measurement		details of methods of as sessment (measurement). Describe	page 6, line 3-6
		comparability of as sessment methods if there is more than	
		one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	NA
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	NA-each cohort was

Quantitative	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the	based on sample size calculations primary study questions, For example, latent growth curve modelling for Cohort 1. These cohorts are 'convenience' samples as they are those with baseline data. Page 6, line 8-15
variables		analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	Page 6, line 8-15
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	NA
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	NA as minimal missing data as shown in Table 1
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy	NA
Dogulto		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses NA	
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	NA
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage (c) Consider use of a flow diagram	
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	Table 1 and Page 6, lines 20-39
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	Table 1
		(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	NA
Outcome data	15*	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time Case-control study—Report numbers in each exposure	Table 1
		category, or summary measures of exposure Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	

Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder- adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	Table 1, Figures 1-3 and page 6, lines 41-55 and page 7, lines 3-6
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	NA
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	NA
Otheranalyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	NA
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	Page 7, lines 11-41
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	Page 8, line 38-54 and page 9, line 3-8
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	Page 9, line 10 to 24
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	Page 8, line 38-54 and page 9, line 3-8
Other information	n		
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	Page 2, line 24-26

^{*}Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist itemand gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.