STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cross-sectional studies*

	Item No	Recommendation
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract
		- title includes study design
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done
		and what was found
		- abstract is an informative summary of entire study
Introduction		·
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported
		- provided on page 4
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses
		- specified on page 5
Methods		
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper
		- presented in first paragraph of methods section
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment,
		exposure, follow-up, and data collection
		- described in first paragraph of methods section
Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of
		participants
		- described in first paragraph of methods section
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect
		modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable
		- defined in separate paragraphs throughout the methods section
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of
measurement		assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is
		more than one group
		- data sources and measures are described when discussing variables of interest
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias
Diag.		- bias is not directly addressed in the methods section, but rather discussed in
		the limitations section of the discussion
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at
		- an explanation of how the study sample was arrived at is included
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable,
		describe which groupings were chosen and why
		- quantitative variables are described adequately
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding
		- statistical methods are described in detail
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions
		- descriptions of supplemental analyses are described
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed
		- there was no missing data within our study
		(d) If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy
		- not applicable
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses
		- descriptions of supplemental analyses are described

Results		
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially
·		eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study,
		completing follow-up, and analysed
		- total sample size is included in first paragraph of results
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage
		- not applicable given the study design
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram
		- we opted not to use the flow diagram given the number of existing tables and
		appendices already included
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and
		information on exposures and potential confounders
		- demographics described adequately in first paragraph of results
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest
		- not applicable
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures
		- reported in first and second paragraphs of results
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and
		their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were
		adjusted for and why they were included
		- no unadjusted modelling was performed in this study – only descriptive
		statistics
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized
		- boundaries are specified
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a
		meaningful time period
		- not applicable
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and
•		sensitivity analyses
		- reported in the methods section with corresponding results in appropriate
		section
Discussion		
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives
Ž		- provided in first paragraph of discussion
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or
		imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias
		- provided in the limitations paragraph
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,
		multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence
		- a balance and objective interpretation of the results is provided
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results
		- generalizability is discussed in the limitations paragraph of the discussion
Other information		C
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if
	44	Give the source of funding and the fole of the funders for the present study and, if
		applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based