Appendix 1 (as supplied by the authors): Supplemental tables

Supplemental Table S1. Table of available RTI preventative vaccines offered for children in each jurisdiction

Vaccine/ intervention	Year of introduction	Description of programme (How many doses and when)	Eligibility	Uptake during study period (if known)
Pertussis vaccine	 England/ Scotland: whole-cell in 1956¹, acellular in 2004 Ontario: Whole-cell in 1943, acellular in 1997- 98² 	 England/ Scotland: ages 2,3,4 months and booster at age 3 years 4 months in combination with diphtheria, tetanus and polio Ontario: ages 2, 4, 6 and 18 months 	 England/ Scotland: all children 2 months to 10 years of age Ontario: all children 6 weeks to 5 years of age³ 	 England/ Scotland, since 2010: 95% or higher by 2 years of age Ontario, 2013: by 2 years of age (≥ 4 doses) 79.7% (75.1, 83.6); by 5 years of age (≥ 5 doses): 69.8 % (65.2, 74.0)⁴
HiB vaccine	 England/ Scotland: 1992⁵ Ontario: 1986; conjugate vaccines in 1991/92² 	 England/ Scotland: three doses under age 1 year with one-month intervals and a fourth booster dose Ontario: given at 2, 4, 6 and 18 months. 	 England/ Scotland: all children <10 years of age Ontario: all children 6 weeks to 4 years of age and ≥5 years for highrisk individuals (with valid health card)² 	 England/ Scotland, 1998: 95% by 2 years of age Ontario, 2013: by 2 years of age (≥ 4 doses) 75.9% (71.3, 79.9); by 5 years of age (≥ 5 doses) 83.4% (79.3, 86.8)³
Influenza vaccine	 England/ Scotland: 2013⁶ Ontario: freely available since 2000² 	 England: one dose, but children aged 6 months to 9 years in clinical high-risk groups that have not received influenza vaccine previously should be offered a 2nd dose. Ontario: Recommended annually, in the Fall; children 6 months to 8 years of age who have not previously received a dose of influenza vaccine require 2 doses given ≥4 weeks apart; else 1 dose received per season.² 	 England/ Scotland: all children aged two to less than 17 years old Ontario: all persons ≥6 mos of age.² As of 2015, intranasal spray is also offered freely to residents 2-59 yrs² 	 England/ Scotland: no estimate specific to children readily available Ontario, 2013: by 2 years of age (≥ 1 dose): 32.1% (28.2, 36.3)³

¹ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/514363/Pertussis_Green_Book_Chapter_24_Ap2016.pdf

² http://www.biotech.ca/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/vaccines 1 2010-1.pdf

³ http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/immunization/docs/immunization schedule.pdf

⁴ http://healthycanadians.gc.ca/publications/healthy-living-vie-saine/immunization-coverage-children-2013-couverture-vaccinale-enfants/alt/icc-2013-cve-eng.pdf

⁵ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/haemophilus-influenzae-type-hib-the-green-book-chapter-16

 $^{^6\} https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/663694/Greenbook_chapter_19_Influenza_.pdf$

 $^{^7\} https://news.ontario.ca/mohltc/en/2015/10/ontario-giving-parents-more-choice-with-free-nasal-spray-flu-vaccine-for-children. html$

Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine	■ England/ Scotland: 2006 ■ Ontario: <5 years since 2005 ⁸	 England/ Scotland: at 8 and 16 weeks of age; booster after age 1 year Ontario: 3 doses recommended at 2-, 4- and 12-months of age. 	 England/ Scotland: all children age 8 weeks to 2 years Ontario: all children 6 weeks to 4 years of age⁹ 	 England/ Scotland: no estimate specific to children readily available Ontario, 2013: by 2 years of age (≥ 3–4 Doses) 79.5% (75.0, 83.4)
Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine	■ England/ Scotland: 2010 ■ Ontario: approved in 1983 and publicly funded for high risk groups in Ontario since 1996 ⁷	 England/ Scotland: High-risk persons 2-64 years of age Ontario: High-risk persons 2-64 years of age 	 England/ Scotland: at-risk children aged 2+ years Ontario: residents with valid health card, the Ontario publicly-funded immunization program covers the cost.⁸ High-risk criteria: asplenia, cardiac disease, cerebral spinal fluid leak, cochlear implant recipients, congenital immunodeficiencies, diabetes mellitus, HIV, immunocompromising therapy, liver disease, malignant neoplasms, renal disease, respiratory disease, sickle-cell diseases, solid organ or islet cell transplant, hematopoietic stem cell transplant, neurologic conditions (chronic) that may impair clearance of oral secretions, and residents of nursing homes, homes for the aged and chronic care facilities or wards⁸ 	 England/ Scotland: no estimate specific to children readily available Ontario: no estimate specific to children readily available
Palivizumab	Ontario: available through special access since 1998, widely approved in 2002.	 England/ Scotland: Given once a month to eligible children during anticipated periods of RSV risk in the community; up to a maximum of 5 doses. Ontario: the "Respiratory Syncytial Virus Prophylaxis for High-Risk Infants" Program is provided monthly during the active season to infants meeting eligibility criteria for funding; maximum of 5 doses covered. 	■ England/ Scotland: Pre-term infants with bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD) (+ chronological and gestational age criteria), infants with respiratory disease who remain in oxygen at the start of the RSV season, preterm infants with haemodynamically significant, acyanotic congenital heart disease (CHD) (+ chronological and	 England/ Scotland: coverage in high-risk children is not readily available Ontario: no estimate specific to readily available However, an estimated 3,119 infants received at least 1 dose during the 2015/16 season¹²

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⁸ http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/public/programs/immunization/docs/pcv_hcp_qa_en.pdf

⁹ http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/immunization/docs/immunization_schedule.pdf

¹² http://www.cbc.ca/news/health/rsv-drug-synagis-palivizumab-premature-infants-abbvie-provinces-health-care-1.4056823

gestational age criteria), CHD with significant co-morbidities, < 24 months old with Severe Combined
Immunodeficiency Syndrome ¹⁰ ■ Ontario: high-risk children (born <32 wGA and ≤ 6mos of age; 33-35 wGA and ≤6 mos of age with risk factors, such as living in an isolated
community; <24 mos with Trisomy 21, BPD, or significant CHD. ¹¹ Others may also be considered on a case-by-case basis).

 $^{10}\ https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/458469/Green_Book_Chapter_27a_v2_0W.PDF$

¹¹ http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/drugs/funded_drug/fund_respiratory.aspx

Supplemental Table S2. Details regarding the linked data used for Ontario, Scotland and England

	Ontario	Scotland	England
Number of included live births during study period (2002- 2012)	1,299,240	547,556	3,910,401
Linked birth- >hospital records availability	April 2002 (if requiring gestational age or if only considering ICD-10); 1988, otherwise	2000 (if only considering ICD- 10); 1981, otherwise	1 st January 2003 - 30 th March 2014 (births count as inpatient admissions)
Linked maternity- >birth records availability	April 2002 (if only considering ICD-10); 1988 otherwise. Prior to April 2002, Maternal-Newborn matching number was not available and institution number, postal code, and admission/discharge dates were used for linkage.	2000 (if only considering ICD- 10); 1981, otherwise	Linkage to longitudinal maternal hospital record available between 1st January 2003-30th March 2014. All birth and delivery admissions have a maternity tail with information on the baby and mother.
Data items with missing data on birth records and % missing	Between 2003-2012: Gestational age: 0.01% to 0.24% Maternal age: 2.67% to 3.25%	Between 2003-2012: Gestational age: 3.80% to 4.95% Birthweight: 1.03% to 2.54% Maternal age: 3.01%-5.80%	N/A: used complete-data subset
Basic unit of hospital data	Discharges, linked to create hospitalization episodes in which transfers between hospitals are considered part of the same episode.	Episodes (linked to provide comparable admissions to England)	Finished consultant episode (FCE), linked to create admissions where episodes for which the difference between the admission date and previous discharge data is <=0 belong to same admission.
Linked hospital records available from	Hospital admissions discharged from April 1988 onwards	Admissions ending 1 st Jan 1981 onwards	FCEs ending 1st April 1997 onwards
Linked mortality-> hospital admission data availability	Deaths registered Jan 1990 onwards	Deaths registered 1 st Jan 1980 onwards (linked to hospital birth records); Deaths registered 1 st Jan 1981 onwards (linked to hospital inpatient records)	Deaths registered 1 st January 1998 onwards
Number of diagnoses per episode or admission	Before April 2002: 10/discharge; from April 2002 onward: 25/discharge	Up to 6/admission	1997-2001: up to 7/FCE; 2002-2006: up to 14/FCE; 2007-2010: up to 20/FCE
Number of ICD-10 coded causes of death in linked data	Before 2013: Up to 12 mentions; from 2013 onward up to 22 mentions	Up to 11 mentions	Up to 15 mentions
Date ICD-10 coding introduced on hospital records	Discharges: 1 st April 2002 onwards	Admissions ending 1 st April 1996	FCEs ending 1 st April 1997 onwards
Date ICD-10 coding introduced on death registration data	Deaths registered January 2000 onward	Deaths registered 1 st January 2000 onwards	Deaths registered 1 st January 2001 onwards
Variables used for linkage to death registration records	Deterministic and probabilistic linkage based on direct identifiers such as name, postal code, and date of birth	Deterministic linkage based on CHI number	Hierarchical algorithm based on combinations of: NHS number, date of birth, sex, postcode
Variables used for linkage of hospital records across time	Health card number	CHI number	Hierarchical algorithm based on combinations of: NHS number, date of birth, sex, postcode, provider, local patient ID

Supplemental Table S3. ICD-10 codes used to identify high risk medical conditions

Major congen	ital and other neurological impairments or anomalies	Cardiac and respiratory systems anomalies and other severe chronic diseases			
ICD-10 Code	Description	ICD-10 Code	Description		
Q00	Anencephaly and similar malformations	Q18.0	Sinus, fistula and cyst of branchial cleft		
Q01	Encephalocele	Q20-28	Congenital malformations, circulatory system		
Q02	Microcephaly	Q30-34	Congenital anomalies, respiratory system		
Q04	Other congenital malformations of brain	Q35-37	Cleft lip and cleft palate		
Q05, Q07.0,	Spina Bifida	P25	Interstitial emphysema and related conditions originating in the perinatal period		
G91	Hydrocephalus	P27	Chronic respiratory disease originating in the perinatal period		
G94.0	Hydrocephalus in infectious and parasitic diseases classified elsewhere	E84, P75	Cystic Fibrosis		
G94.1	Hydrocephalus in neoplastic disease	101-102.0	Acute Rheumatic Fever		
G94.2	Hydrocephalus in other diseases classified elsewhere	105.0-109.9	Chronic rheumatic fever		
G95, G96, G98, G99	Other disorders of the nervous system	I11-I13	Hypertensive diseases		
Q03	Congenital hydrocephalus	121-125	ST Elevation, other acute IHD & chronic IHD		
Q90	Down syndrome	126-128	Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary circulation		
G35-G37	Demyelinating diseases of central nervous system	l31-l39.8, l41-52	Other forms of chronic heart disease		
G40	Epilepsy and recurrent seizures	199	Other and unspecified disorders, circulatory system		
G41.0	Grand mal status epilepticus	J41-J43.9, J98.2	Chronic bronchitis & emphysema		
G41.8	Other status epilepticus	J45-47	Asthma & Bronchiectasis		
G41.9	Status epilepticus, unspecified	J96.1	Chronic respiratory failure		
G71.2	Congenital myopathies	M05.1	Rheumatoid lung disease		
G71.3	Mitochondrial myopathy, not elsewhere classified	A15-19	Tuberculosis TB)		
G71.0	Muscular dystrophy	B90	Sequelae of TB		
G71.1	Myotonic disorders	P20, P21	Fetal asphyxia, Birth asphyxia);		
G71.9	Primary disorder of muscle, unspecified	P25-P27.9	Perinatal Respiratory & Cardiovascular diseases		
G72.9	Myopathy, unspecified	Q18.0, Q18.8, Q20.0-37.9	Congential malformations of the respiratory system		
G70.9, G90.1	Familial dysautonomia [riley-day]	D57.0-D57.2; D57.8	Sickle cell disease		
Q07.8, Q07.9	Other specified congenital malformations of nervous system	D80-D84; D89.8, D89.9	Hereditary immunodeficiency		
Q06, Q07.0	Other congenital malformations of spinal cord and nervous system	D55, D56.0-56.2, D56.4, D56.8-D61.9	Anemias		
F84.2	Rett's syndrome	D55-59	Other hemoglobinopathies		
G31.8	Other specified degenerative diseases of nervous system	D70	Neutropenia		
G31.9	Degenerative disease of nervous system, unspec	D71-72	Functional disorders of polymorphonuclear neutrophils and genetic anomalies of leukocytes		

G80.0-G82.5	Cerebral palsy and other paralytic syndromes	D73.0	Spleen disease NOS, Hypersplenism
Q91.0 Q91.1	Trisomy 18, meiotic nondisjunction Trisomy 18, mosaicism	D73.1, D73.2 Q89.0	Hypersplenism and chronic congestive splenomegaly Asplenia/ congenital malformation of sleep
Q91.2	Trisomy 18, translocation	E10	Type 1 diabetes mellitus
Q91.3	Edwards' syndrome, unspecified	P70.2	Neonatal diabetes
Q93	Monosomies and deletions from the autosomes, not elsewhere classified	N00-N29.8, P96.0	Chronic and other kidney diseases
Q95.3	Balanced sex/autosomal rearrangement in abnormal individual	K71-76	Chronic liver disease
Q95.8	Other balanced rearrangements and structural markers	N04	Nephrotic syndrome
Q92	Other trisomies and partial trisomies of the autosomes, not elsewhere classified	B24, R75	HIV Positive
Q97, Q98.5-99.0, Q99.2 F70 – F71	Other sex chromosome abnormalities Mild and moderate mental disabilities	C00–96, M90.4-90.7	Diagnosed with malignant neoplasms (of any site)
F72	Severe mental disabilities		
F73.0	Profound mental disabilities		
G12.0	Infantile spinal muscular atrophy, type I		
A81	Atypical virus infections of central nervous system		
F07.1	Post-encephalitic syndrome		
F80.3	Acquired aphasia with epilepsy [Landau-Kleffner]		
G04.1 G08-G09	Tropical spastic paraplegia		
G08-G09	Intracranial and intraspinal phlebitis and thrombophlebitis and sequelae of inflammatory diseases of central nervous		
C10	system		
G10 G11	Huntington's disease Hereditary ataxia		
G12	Spinal muscular atrophy and related syndrome		
G23.0, G23.8, G23.9,	Other degenerative diseases of basal ganglia		
G24.1,	Idiopathic familial dystonia & idiopathic nonfamilial		
G24.2	dystonia		
G93.8, G93.9; G94.1	Other specified disorders of brain		
169	Sequelae of cerebrovascular disease		
P10-P15	Birth trauma		
P52.0-P57.9	Hemorrhagic and hematological disorders of newborn		
P91	Other disturbances of cerebral status of newborn		
Q60	Renal agenesis and other reduction defects of kidney		

Supplemental Table S4: Number of all-cause deaths and crude mortality rates (per 100,000 child-years) from 28 days to 4 (inclusive) years of age, 2003-2013, with 95% confidence intervals (CI); by jurisdiction and risk factor

Risk factor	Ontario (Canada)			Scotland			England		
RISK Tactor	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI
Sex									
Male	1,179 (57.09)	42.98	40.56, 45.51	609 (55.82)	53.59	49.50, 58.02	4,032 (56.04)	51.57	50.00, 53.18
Female	886 (42.91)	34.10	31.89, 36.42	482 (44.18)	44.76	40.93, 48.94	3,163 (43.96)	42.53	41.07, 44.03
Gestational age (weeks)									
Preterm (<34)	288 (13.95)	386.00	342.70, 433.25	136 (12.47)	418.49	353.75, 495.08	1,233 (17.14)	557.79	527.50, 589.80
Late preterm (34-36)	214 (10.36)	83.58	72.76, 95.56	128 (11.73)	141.54	119.03, 168.32	762 (10.59)	117.68	109.61, 126.33
Early term (37-38)	602 (29.15)	43.43	40.03, 47.04	203 (18.61)	56.51	49.25, 64.84	1,648 (22.90)	58.05	55.31, 60.92
Term (39-40)	821 (39.76)	28.01	26.13, 29.99	361 (33.09)	33.07	29.83, 36.66	2,499 (34.73)	31.96	30.73, 33.24
Late term (41+)	139 (6.73)	20.10	16.89, 23.73	140 (12.83)	25.77	21.84, 30.42	1,053 (14.64)	28.23	26.57, 29.99
High-risk chronic condition									
recorded before 1st birthday									
Yes	1,089 (52.74)	396.99	373.76, 421.29	575 (52.70)	466.73	22.65, 26.91	4,287 (59.58)	316.19	306.87, 325.80
No	976 (47.26)	19.26	18.07, 20.51	515 (47.25)	24.64	22.60, 26.87	2,908 (40.41)	20.92	20.17, 21.69
High-risk chronic condition									
recorded before 5 th birthday									
Yes	1,261 (61.07)	348.51	329.53, 368.29	700 (64.16)	353.24	430.10, 506.48	4,850 (67.41)	284.54	276.65, 292.67
No	804 (38.93)	16.15	15.05, 17.30	391 (35.87)	19.41	17.57, 21.43	2,345 (32.59)	17.30	16.62, 18.02
Maternal age (years)									
<19	112 (5.42)	98.10	80.78, 118.04	78 (7.15)	81.17	65.01, 101.33	460 (6.39)	80.86	73.80, 88.60
19-24	528 (25.57)	66.88	61.30, 72.84	249 (22.80)	53.71	47.44, 60.82	2,053 (28.53)	60.97	58.39, 63.66
25-29	530 (25.67)	35.75	32.77, 38.92	224 (20.53)	40.86	35.84, 46.57	1,827 (25.39)	44.63	42.63, 46.73
30-34	496 (24.02)	28.12	25.70, 30.71	251 (23.01)	42.14	37.24, 47.69	1,673 (23.25)	39.01	37.18, 40.92
35-39	254 (12.30)	28.57	25.16, 32.31	131 (12.01)	38.05	32.06. 45.15	912 (12.68)	37.94	35.56, 40.49
40+	81 (3.92)	44.48	35.32, 55.28	35 (3.21)	49.76	35.72, 69.30	270 (3.75)	56.87	56.87, 56.87
Area-level deprivation quintile									
1st (Least deprived)	344 (16.66)	27.71	24.86, 30.80	147 (13.47)	36.80	31.30, 43.25	690 (9.59)	30.65	28.45, 33.03
2nd	296 (14.33)	30.91	27.48, 34.63	169 (15.49)	43.32	37.25, 50.37	810 (11.26)	34.19	31.91, 36.62
3rd	326 (15.79)	34.55	30.90, 38.51	214 (19.62)	48.24	42.19, 55.16	1,088 (15.12)	40.05	37.74, 42.51
4th	404 (19.56)	42.58	38.53, 46.95	222 (20.35)	47.55	41.69, 54.23	1,672 (23.24)	50.43	48.07, 52.91
5th (Most deprived)	615 (29.78)	52.71	48.63, 57.05	339 (31.07)	66.05	59.38, 73.47	2,935 (40.79)	63.74	61.47, 66.09

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Supplemental Table S5: Number and crude rate of respiratory tract infection-related mortality (per 100,000 child years) from 28 days to 4 years of age (inclusive), i.e., up to 5th birthday, occurring in calendar years 2003-2013, with 95% confidence intervals (CI); by jurisdiction and risk factor

Diels factor	Ont	ario (Cana	da)	Scotland			England		
Risk factor	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI	n (%) deaths	Rate	95% CI
Sex									
Male	165 (53.40)	6.02	5.13, 7.01	111 (56.63)	9.77	8.11, 11.76	913 (55.43)	11.68	10.94, 12.46
Female	144 (46.60)	5.54	4.67, 6.52	85 (43.37)	7.89	6.38, 9.76	734 (44.57)	9.87	9.18, 10.61
Gestational age (weeks)									
Preterm (<34)	45 (14.56)	60.31	43.99, 80.70	19 (9.69)	58.47	37.29, 91.66	190 (11.54)	85.95	74.56, 99.09
Late preterm (34-36)	40 (12.94)	15.62	11.16, 21.27	30 (15.31)	33.17	23.20, 47.45	203 (12.33)	31.35	27.32, 35.97
Early term (37-38)	87 (28.16)	6.28	5.03, 7.74	44 (22.45)	12.25	9.12, 16.46	402 (24.41)	14.16	12.84, 15.61
Term (39-40)	120 (38.83)	4.09	3.39, 4.90	69 (35.20)	6.32	4.99, 8.00	612 (37.16)	7.83	7.23, 8.47
Late term (41+)	17 (5.50)	2.46	1.43, 3.94	23 (11.73)	4.23	2.81, 6.37	240 (14.57)	6.43	5.67, 7.30
High-risk chronic condition recorded before 1 st birthday									
Yes	223 (72.17)	81.29	70.97, 92.69	122 (62.24)	99.03	82.93, 118.26	1,199 (72.80)	88.43	83.57, 93.58
No	86 (27.83)	1.70	1.36, 2.1	74 (37.95)	3.54	2.82, 4.45	448 (27.20)	3.22	2.94, 3.54
High-risk chronic condition									
recorded before 5 th birthday									
Yes	259 (83.82)	71.58	63.13, 80.85	156 (79.59)	78.72	67.29, 92.10	1,363 (82.76)	79.97	75.83, 84.33
No	50 (16.18)	1.00	0.75, 1.32	40 (20.51)	1.99	1.46, 2.71	284 (17.24)	2.10	1.87, 2.35
Maternal age (years)									
<19	17 (5.50)	14.89	8.67, 23.84	10 (5.10)	10.41	5.60, 19.34	78 (4.74)	13.71	10.98, 17.12
19-24	56 (18.12)	7.09	5.36, 9.21	47 (23.98)	10.14	7.62, 13.49	463 (28.11)	13.75	12.55, 15.06
25-29	88 (28.48)	5.94	4.76, 7.31	37 (18.88)	6.75	4.89, 9.31	429 (26.05)	10.48	9.53, 11.52
30-34	79 (25.57)	4.48	3.55, 5.58	46 (23.47)	7.72	5.79, 10.31	393 (23.86)	9.16	8.30, 10.12
35-39	40 (12.94)	4.50	3.21, 6.13	37 (18.88)	10.75	7.79, 14.83	221 (13.42)	9.19	8.06, 10.49
40+	21 (6.80)	11.53	7.14, 17.63	8 (4.08)	11.37	5.69, 22.74	63 (3.83)	11.78	9.20, 15.08
Area-level deprivation quintile									
1st (Least deprived)	50 (16.18)	4.03	2.99, 5.31	23 (11.73)	5.76	3.83, 8.37	161 (9.78)	7.15	6.13, 8.35
2nd	59 (19.09)	6.16	4.69, 7.95	32 (16.33)	8.20	5.80, 11.60	175 (10.63)	7.39	6.37, 8.57
3rd	45 (14.56)	4.77	3.48, 6.38	35 (17.86)	7.89	5.66, 10.99	260 (15.79)	9.57	8.48, 10.81
4th	58 (18.77)	6.11	4.64, 7.90	56 (28.57)	11.99	9.23, 15.58	379 (23.01)	11.43	10.34, 12.64
5th (Most deprived)	86 (27.83)	7.37	5.90, 9.10	50 (25.51)	9.74	7.38, 12.85	672 (40.8)	14.59	13.53, 15.74

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Supplemental Table S6: Results from Cox proportional hazards models 28-364 days of age: adjusted* hazard ratios (with 95% confidence intervals) for respiratory tract infection-related mortality, by jurisdiction

Diele factor	Ont	ario (Canada)	9	Scotland	England		
Risk factor	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	
Sex							
Male	REF		REF		REF		
Female	1.16	0.85, 1.57	0.70	0.46, 1.05	1.04	0.94, 1.14	
Gestational age (weeks)							
Preterm (<34)	2.21	1.39, 3.52	1.58	0.80, 3.13	3.43	2.91, 4.05	
Late preterm (34-36)	1.85	1.11, 3.08	2.73	1.53, 4.86	3.03	2.59, 3.55	
Early term (37-38)	1.42	0.97, 2.09	1.41	0.84, 2.38	1.79	1.58, 2.03	
Term (39-40)	REF		REF		REF		
Late term (41+)	0.69	0.36, 1.31	0.64	0.32, 1.30	0.7	0.60, 0.81	
High-risk chronic condition							
No	REF		REF		REF		
Yes, recorded <1 year of age	78.17	51.58, 118.49	25.25	16.68, 40.35	35.47	31.17, 40.36	
Maternal age (years)							
<19	2.39	1.10, 5.20	1.87	0.73, 4.76	1.09	0.85, 1.39	
19-24	1.79	1.12, 2.88	1.71	0.96, 3.04	1.22	1.07, 1.40	
25-29	1.42	0.92, 2.20	0.90	0.48, 1.69	1.03	0.90, 1.19	
30-34	REF		REF		REF		
35-39	1.12	0.66, 1.91	1.37	0.48, 2.60	0.99	0.84, 1.17	
40+	3.33	1.84, 6.00	1.71	0.64, 4.17	1.12	0.85, 1.46	
Area-level deprivation							
quintile							
1st (Least deprived)	REF		REF		REF		
2nd	1.33	0.79, 2.24	0.85	0.39, 1.84	0.98	0.79, 1.22	
3rd	1.02	0.59, 1.77	1.32	0.66, 2.62	1.23	1.01, 1.50	
4th	0.92	0.52, 1.61	1.83	0.96, 3.48	1.44	1.19, 1.73	
5th (Most deprived)	1.70	1.07, 2.71	1.34	0.70, 2.45	1.78	1.49, 2.12	

^{*}Adjusted for all listed covariates. Cl=confidence interval; HR=hazard ratio

Supplemental Table S7: Results from Cox proportional hazards models 1-4 years of age: adjusted* hazard ratios (with 95% confidence intervals) for respiratory tract infection-related

mortality, by jurisdiction

Risk factor	Ontario (Canada)		!	Scotland	E	England
	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI
Sex						
Male	REF		REF		REF	
Female	1.13	0.80, 1.58	1.22	0.79, 1.87	0.98	0.86, 1.12
Gestational age (weeks)						
Preterm (<34)	1.81	1.04, 3.17	1.71	0.50, 3.88	4.3	3.52, 5.24
Late preterm (34-36)	2.07	1.23, 3.49	2.36	1.19, 4.69	3.88	3.18, 4.74
Early term (37-38)	1.19	0.78, 1.80	1.52	0.87, 2.63	2.01	1.69, 2.37
Term (39-40)	REF		REF		REF	
Late term (41+)	0.40	0.17, 0.93	0.81	0.43, 1.53	0.61	0.49, 0.75
High-risk chronic condition						
No	REF		REF		REF	
Yes, recorded <5 years of age	64.55	40.60, 102.64	57.77	31.18, 107.03	40.83	34.60, 48.17
Maternal age (years)						
<19	2.39	1.16, 4.96	0.72	0.25, 2.06	1.13	0.82, 1.57
19-24	0.86	0.50, 1.48	0.61	0.32, 1.14	1.29	1.07, 1.54
25-29	1.05	0.68, 1.62	0.63	0.34, 1.16	1.16	0.97, 1.39
30-34	REF		REF		REF	
35-39	0.79	0.46, 1.38	1.18	0.64, 2.15	1.04	0.83, 1.29
40+	0.93	0.37, 2.35	0.88	0.27, 2.92	1.31	0.94, 1.82
Area-level deprivation quintile						
1st (Least deprived)	REF		REF		REF	
2nd	1.63	0.92, 2.87	2.97	1.24, 7.07	1.01	0.75, 1.37
3rd	1.13	0.61, 2.10	2.02	0.82, 4.98	1.36	1.04, 1.79
4th	1.84	1.06, 3.19	3.11	1.33, 7.27	1.68	1.30, 2.17
5th (Most deprived)	1.26	0.72, 2.20	2.30	0.96, 5.54	2.35	1.84, 2.99

^{*}Adjusted for all listed covariates. CI=confidence interval; HR=hazard ratio